```
ozone2.txt
```

```
s (ozone or ozon?)
       395487
                OZONE
       448052
                OZON?
s1
       448052
                S (OZONE OR OZON?)
? s s1 and (bacter? or fung? or vir? or disease or pathog?)
Processing
Processing
Processina
Processing
Processing
Processing
Processing
Processing
Processing
Processing
448052
                s1
      9844740
                BACTER?
      3800168
                FUNG?
      9847142
                VIR?
     20106258
                DISEASE
      5813319
                PATHOG?
S2
        41175
                S S1 AND (BACTER? OR FUNG? OR VIR? OR DISEASE OR PATHOG?)
  s s2 and (therap$ or treat$ or preven$ or prophylac$)
        41175
                S2
                THERAP$
                TREAT$
                PREVEN$
                PROPHYLAC$
s3
                S S2 AND (THERAP$ OR TREAT$ OR PREVEN$ OR PROPHYLAC$)
  s s2
        41175
                S S2
? s s4 and (treat? or therap?)
Processing
Processing
Processing
Processina
Processing
Processing
Processing
41175
                S4
     23847046
                TREAT?
     17314350
                THERAP?
                S S4 AND (TREAT? OR THERAP?)
S5
        15965
? s s5 and (intra or incoluat? or (administr?))
Processing
15965
                S5
       906044
                INTRA
           16
                INCOLUAT?
      8645663
                ADMINISTR?
56
          986
                S S5 AND (INTRA OR INCOLUAT? OR (ADMINISTR?))
  s s6 and (natural o reactive)
          986
                s6
            0
                NATURAL O REACTIVE
S7
                S S6 AND (NATURAL O REACTIVE)
? s s6 and (natural or reactive)
```

986 56

```
5064146
                NATURAL
      1765464
                REACTIVE
s8
                S S6 AND (NATURAL OR REACTIVE)
          132
>>>W: Duplicate detection is not supported for File 393.
Duplicate detection is not supported for File 391.
Records from unsupported files will be retained in the RD set.
           74
               RD (UNIQUE ITEMS)
? t 3,k/1-74
>>>E: Set 3.k does not exist
? t 3.k/1-74
>>>E: Set 3.k does not exist
? t 3, K/1-74
>>>E: Set 3.k does not exist
? t s9/3,k/1-74
>>>W: KWIC option is not available in file(s): 399
 9/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 5) Links
                                 STIC Full Text Retrieval Options
   Fulltext available through:
Biosis Previews(R)
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18942693 Biosis No.: 200600288088
Ozone treatment reduces blood oxidative stress and pancreas damage in a
streptozotocin-induced diabetes model in rats
Author: Martinez Gregorio; Al-Dalain Said Mohammed; Menendez Silvia; Guiliani
Attilia; Leon Olga Sonia (Reprint)
Author Address: Univ Havana, Ctr Studies Res and Biol Evaluat, CEIEB, IFAL, Havana, Cuba** Cuba
Author E-mail Address: olga@infomed.sld.cu
Journal: Acta Farmaceutica Bonaerense 24 ( 4 ): p 491-497 OCT-DEC 2005 2005
ISSN: 0326-2383
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Abstract
Language: English
Ozone treatment reduces blood oxidative stress and pancreas damage in a
```

Abstract: In spite of the fact that ozone has been used as a therapeutical agent and beneficial effects have been observed, so far only a few biochemical and pharmacodynamic mechanisms have been studied. We have demonstrated that controlled ozone administration may promote an oxidative preconditioning or adaptation to oxidative stress, preventing the damage induced by Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS) through preservation of antioxidant endogenous systems. Taking into account that STZ produces ROS generation, which promotes pancreas damage with loss of its function, we studied ozone effects on blood oxidative stress and its relationship with pancreas injury mediated by STZ. Five groups of rats were classified as follows: (1) Non-diabetic control group treated only with citrate buffer solution; (2) positive control group using as a diabetes inductor; (3) Ozone group, receiving 10 treatments (1.1 mg/kg) one per day after STZ-induced diabetes; (4) Oxygen (26 mg/kg) one per day after STZ-induced diabetes; (4) Oxygen (26 mg/kg) one per day, as in group 3 but using oxygen only; (5) control ozone, as group 3, but without STZ. Ozone + STZ treatment improved glycemic control with regard to STZ group (16.1 +/- 1.45 vs 27.12 +/- 2.12 mm01/L). Blood oxidative stress was controlled by ozone as it was showed in the reduction of malondialdehyde, total hydroperoxides, and peroxidation potential. In......with these results, there was a decrease in the properties preserved P-cells functions and reduced hyperglycemia. Taken together, these results suggest that this complementary medical approach may represent a page 2

streptozotocin-induced diabetes model in rats

ozone2.txt
potential alternative in the treatment of diabetes and its complications.
Registry Numbers: ...reactive oxygen species.....ozone;

Enzyme Commission Number:

DESCRIPTORS:

Diseases: ...metabolic disease;endocrine disease/pancreas, metabolic disease, therapy, chemically-induced....injury, endocrine disease/pancreas Mesh Terms:

Chemicals & Biochemicals: reactive oxygen species.....ozone;
Methods & Eguipment: ozone treatment--

Geographical Name:

9/3,K/2 (Item 2 from file: 5) Links
Fulltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options
Biosis Previews(R)
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18762521 Biosis No.: 200600107916
Ozone therapy on rats submitted to subtotal nephrectomy: Role of antioxidant system

Author: Calunga Jose Luis: Zamova Zullut D. Barrage Aluat: del Die Carabi: Darbor

Author: Calunga Jose Luis; Zamora Zullyt B; Borrego Aluet; del Rio Sarahi; Barber Ernesto; Menendez Silvia (Reprint); Hernandez Frank; Montero Teresita; Taboada Dunia Author Address: Natl Ctr Sci Res. Deot Biomed. Ozone Res Ctr. POB 6414. Havana 6880.

Cuba^{**} Cuba
Author E-mail Address: silvia.gra@infomed.sld.cu
Journal: Mediators of Inflammation (4): p 221-227 AUG 31 2005 2005

ISSN: 0962-9351 Document Type: Article

Record Type: Article Record Type: Abstract Language: English

Mesh Terms:

Ozone therapy on rats submitted to subtotal nephrectomy: Role of antioxidant system

Abstract: Chronic renal failure (CRF) represents a world health problem. Ozone increases the endogenous antioxidant defense system, preserving the cell redox state. The aim of this study is to evaluate the effect of ozone/oxygen mixture in the renal function, morphology, and biochemical parameters, in all experimental model of CRF (Subtotal nephrectomy). Ozone/oxygen mixture was applied daily, by rectal insufflation (0.5 mg/kg) for 15 sessions....index, and the sodium and potassium excretions (as a measurement of tubular function) in the ozone group were similar to those in Sham group. Nevertheless, nephrectomized rats without ozone (positive control group) showed the lowest RPF, GFR, and urine excretion figures, as well as tubular function. Animals treated with ozone showed systolic arterial pressure (SAP) figures lower than those in the positive control group, but...
...compared to Sham group. Serum creatinine values and protein excretion in 24 hours in the ozone group were decreased compared with nephrectomized rats, but were still higher than normal values. Histological Study demonstrated that animals treated with ozone showed less number of lesions ill comparison with nephrectomized rats. Thiobarbituric acid reactive Substances were significantly increased in nephrectomized and ozone-treated nephrectomized rats in comparison with Sham group. In the positive control group, Superoxide dismutase (SOD) and catalase (CAT) showed the lowest figures in comparison with the other groups. However, ozone/oxygen mixture induced a significant stimulation in the enzymatic activity of CAT, SOD, and glutathione.....glutathione in relation with Sham and positive control groups. In this animal model of CRF, ozone rectal administrations produced a delay in the advance of the disease, protecting the kidneys against vascular, hemorheological, and oxidative mechanisms. This behavior suggests ozone therapy has a protective effect oil renal tissue by downregulation of the oxidative stress shown in... Registry Numbers: ...ozone Enzyme Commission Number: DESCRIPTORS:

Diseases: ...urologic disease, drug therapy, surgery

Chemicals & Biochemicals: thiobarbituric acid-reactive substances.....ozone--Methods & Equipment: ...therapeutic and prophylactic techniques, clinical techniques

Geographical Name:

Language: English

9/3,K/3 (Item 3 from file: 5) Links

'Fuilltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options
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18485714 Biosis No.: 200510180214
Effects of ozone oxidative preconditioning on TNF-alpha release and
antioxidant-prooxidant intracellular balance in mice during endotoxic shock

Author: Zamora Zullyt B (Reprint); Borrego Aluet; Lopez Orlay Y; Delgado Rene;
Gonzalez Ricardo; Menenedez Silvia; Hernandez Frank; Schulz Siegfried
Author Address: Natl Ctr Sci Res, Ozone Res Ctr, Dept Biomed, POB 6414, Havana,
Cubla*Cubla
Author E-mail Address: ozono@infomed.sld.cu
Journal: Mediators of Inflammation (1): p 16-22 FEB 24 2005 2005
ISSN: 0962-0351
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Abstract

Effects of ozone oxidative preconditioning on TNF-alpha release and antioxidant-prooxidant intracellular balance in mice during endotoxic...

Abstract: Ozone oxidative preconditioning is a prophylactic approach, which favors the antioxidant-prooxidant balance for preservation of....in vivo and in vitro experimental models. Our aim is to analyze the effect of ozone oxidative preconditioning on serum TNF-alpha levels and as a modulator of oxidative stress on hepatic tissue in endotoxic shock model (mice treated with lipopolysaccharide (LPS)). Ozone /oxygen gaseous mixture which was administered intrapertioneally (0. 2, 0.4, and 1.2 mg....alpha was measured by cytotoxicity on L-929 cells. Biochemical parameters such as thiobarbituric acid reactive substances (TBARS), enzymatic activity of catalase, glutathione peroxidase, and glutathione-Stransferase were measured in.....after LPS injection there was a significant increase in TNF-alpha levels in mouse serum. Ozone/oxygen gaseous mixture reduced serum TNF-alpha levels after LPS injection were observed in mice appreciated witing in the properties of the control of the control

DESCRIPTORS:
Diseases: ...bacterial disease, toxicity
Mesh Terms:

Chemicals & Biochemicals: ...thiobarbituric acid reactive substance...
...injection administration;ozone-....antibacterial-drug,
antiinfective-drug, intraperitoneal administration;antibacterial-drug,
antiinfective-drug, intraperitoneal administration

9/3,K/4 (Item 4 from file: 5) Links
Fulltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options
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18257923 Biosis No.: 200500164095
Potassium bromate-induced hyperuricemia stimulates acute kidney damage and oxidative stress

Author: Watanabe Satoshi (Reprint); Tajima Yukie; Yamaguchi Tomoko; Fukui Tetsuya Author Address: Fac Pharmaceut SciDept Hith ChemShinagawa Ku, Hoshi Univ, 4-41,Ebara 2-chome, Tokyo, 148501, Japan*Japan Author E-mail Address: satoshi@hoshi.ac.jp Journal: Journal of Health Science 50 (6): p 647-653 December 2004 2004 Medium: print

ISSN: 1344-9702 _(ISSN print)
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Abstract
Language: English

Abstract: ...exposure of mice to potassium bromate (KBrO3), which is a major disinfection by-product of ozonation and/or chlorination of bromide-containing raw waters, causes serious kidney failure and neuropathological disorders. We observed significant elevations of serum uric acid levels and xanthine oxidase activity by KBrO3, administration (1.2 mmol/kg) with elevating relative kidney weight, serum creatinine levels and renal oxidative Stress. Therefore, allopurinol was administered to KBrO3-treated mice to examine if the elevation of blood uric acid levels causes acute kidney damage and renal oxidative stress. These KBrO3-induced elevations were significantly prevented by intraperitoneal administration of allopurinol (10 or 50 mg/kg) and significant correlation between kidney damage and uric acid levels was observed. Reduction of catalase activity in the kidney of KBrO3- treated mice, which results in the accumulation of hydrogen peroxide, was also restored by allopurinol. There.....KBrO3-induced acute kidney damage. Allopurinol also suppressed KBrO3-induced increases of renal thiobarbituric acid reactive substances levels and renal protein carbonyl levels of mice. Furthermore. DESCRIPTORS:

DESCRIPTORS:

DISCRIPTORS:

Diseases: ...genetic disease, metabolic disease;urologic disease Mesh Terms: Chemicals & Biochemicals: ...enzyme inhibitor-drug, intraperitoneal administration;thiobarbituric acid reactive substances

9/3,K/5 (Item 5 from file: 5) Links Fulltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options Biosis Previews(R) (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation. All rights reserved. 18163703 Biosis No.: 200500070768

Reversion by ozone treatment of acute nephrotoxicity induced by cisplatin in rats

Author: Gonzalez Ricardo (Reprint); Borrego Aluet; Zamora Zullyt; Romay Cheyla; Hernandez Frank; Menendez Silvia; Montero Teresita; Rojas Enis

Author Address: Ozone Res Ctr, POB 6414, Havana, Cuba*Cuba
Journal: Mediators of Inflammation 13 (5-6): p 307-312 October 2004 2004

Medium: print ISSN: 0962-9351

Document Type: Article Record Type: Abstract Language: English

Reversion by ozone treatment of acute nephrotoxicity induced by cisplatin in rats

Abstract: BACKGROUND: Ozone therapy has become a useful treatment for pathological processes, in which the damage mediated by reactive oxygen species is involved. Several lines of evidence suggest that cisplatin-induced acute nephrotoxicity is partially mediated by reactive oxygen species. Aims: To analyze the effect of ozone administration after cisplatin-induced acute nephrotoxicity. Methods: Male Sprague-Dawley rats were treated with five intra-rectal applications of ozone/oxygen Page 5

ozone2.txt mixture at 0.36, 1.1 and 1.8 mg/kg after cisplatin intraperitoneal injection (6 mg/kg). Serum and kidneys were taken off 5 days after cisplatin treatment. Creatinine was measured in the serum and the activities of antioxidant enzymes and thiobarbituric acid reactive substances and glutathione content were analyzed in renal homogenate. Results: Ozone treatment diminished the increase in serum creatinine levels, the glutathione depletion and also reversed the inhibition...
...peroxidase activities induced by cisplatin in the rat kidney. Also, the renal content of thiobarbituric reactive substances was decreased by ozone/oxygen mixture applied after cisplatin. Conclusion: Intrarectal applications of ozone reversed the renal pro-oxidant unbalance induced by cisplatin treatment by the way of stimulation to some constituents of antioxidant system in the kidney, and... Registry Numbers: ...ozone; Enzyme Commission Number:

DESCRIPTORS: Diseases: ...urologic disease, drug-induced Mesh Terms:

...ozone--... ...metabolic-drug, rectal administration: Chemicals & Biochemicals:thiobarbituric acid reactive substance

9/3,K/6 (Item 6 from file: 5) Links Fulltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options Biosis Previews(R) (c) 2008 The Thomson Corporation, All rights reserved. 18116312 Biosis No.: 200500023377
Platelet function unaffected by ozonated autohaemotherapy in chronically haemodialysed patients

Author: Tylicki Leszek (Reprint): Lizakowski Slawomir: Biedunkiewicz Bogdan: Skibowska Anna; Nieweglowski Tomasz; Chamienia Andrzej; Debska-Slizien Alicja; Rutkowski Boleslaw Author Address: Dept Nephrol Transplantol and Internal Med, Med Univ Gdansk, Debinki Author Address: Dept Reputor Franspianton and International Medical Research Author E-mail Address: Beszek.tylicki@amg.gda.pl
Journal: Blood Coagulation & Fibrinolysis 15 (7): p 619-622 October 2004 2004 Medium: print ISSN: 0957-5235 Document Type: Article

Record Type: Abstract Language: English
Platelet function unaffected by ozonated autohaemotherapy in chronically haemodialysed patients

Abstract: Background The therapeutic use of ozone is still a controversial medical Asstrate: Background ine interaptivite use of ozone is still a controversial media strategy due to the potential toxicity of ozone, which is recognized as a highly reactive oxidant The reactive oxygen species are known to induce platelet aggregation, the process involved in the development of atherosclerosis and cardiovascular events. In the present study, the influence of ozonated autohaemotherapy (03-AHT) on the platelet function was evaluated in chronically haemodialysed patients with peripheral arterial disease, Methods This was an oxygen-controlled, cross-over study, in which nine sessions of autohaemotherapy with oxygen administration as a control were followed by nine sessions of O3-AHT. The platelet function was... ... assessed after nine sessions of O3-AHT and after nine sessions of autohaemotherapy with oxygen administration. SPA and AIPA did not change after the first session of 03-AHT as compared with the levels before this procedure. Conclusion 03-AHT with ozone concentration of 50 mug/ml and citrate as an anticoagulant does not induce platelet aggregation ... Registry Numbers: ...ozone;reactive oxygen species Enzyme Commission Number:

DESCRIPTORS:

Diseases: peripheral arterial disease--... ...vascular disease. diagnosis Mesh Terms:

ozone2.txt techniques.....ozonated autohaemotherapy.....clinical techniques, therapeutic

Methods & Equipment: ...clinical techniques, therapeutic and prophylactic

...ozone--... ...reactive oxygen species

Chemicals & Biochemicals:

and prophylactic techniques

Biosis Previews(R)

17907757

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Geographical Name:
 9/3,K/7 (Item 7 from file: 5) Links
    Fulltext available through:
                                               STIC Full Text Retrieval Options
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18044276 Biosis No.: 200400415065
Vitamin E supplements in asthma: a parallel group randomised placebo controlled
trial
Author: Pearson P J K; Lewis S A; Britton J; Fogarty A (Reprint)
Author Address: City Hosp NottinghamDiv Resp Med, Univ Nottingham, Clin Sci Bldg, Nottingham, NG5 1PB, UK**UK
Author E-mail Address: andrew.fogarty@nottingham.ac.uk
Journal: Thorax
                          59 ( 8 ): p 652-656 August 2004 2004
Medium: print
ISSN: 0040-6376
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Abstract
Language: English
Abstract: ...incidence of asthma, and combinations of antioxidant supplements including vitamin E are effective in reducing ozone induced bronchoconstriction. A study was undertaken to investigate the effect of supplementation with vitamin E... ...from a clinical trial register of adults with asthma were randomised to receive 500 mg natural vitamin E or matched placebo for 6 weeks in a placebo controlled, double blind parallel group clinical trial. Inclusion criteria included age 18 - 60 years, maintenance treatment of at least one dose of inhaled corticosteroid per day, a positive Skin prick test. ......Symptom scores, bronchodilator use, and serum immunoglobulin E levels! Results: Inthe primary intention to treat analysis the
change in PD20 was similar in the vitamin E and placebo groups with.....vitamin E
supplementation on any other measure of asthma control, either in the intention to
treat or per protocol analysis. There was also no effect of vitamin E
supplementation on serum immunoglobulin levels. Conclusion: Dietary supplementation
with vitamin E adds no benefit to current standard treatment in adults with mild to
moderate asthma.
Registry Numbers: ...ozone:
Enzyme Commission Number:
DESCRIPTORS:
Diseases: ...immune system disease, respiratory system disease, drug therapy: ...
  ..respiratory system disease, chemically-induced
Mesh Terms:
 Chemicals & Biochemicals: ...hormone-drug, inhalation administration: ...
Methods & Equipment: ...clinical techniques, therapeutic and prophylactic techniques
 Geographical Name:
 9/3,K/8 (Item 8 from file: 5) Links
```

Author: Copello Mirtha (Reprint); Eguia Frank; Mennendez Silvia; Menendez Niusdalys Author Address: Ozone Res Ctr. POB 6412, Havana, Cuba**Cuba Page 7

Fulltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options

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Biosis No.: 200400278514 Ozone therapy in patients with retinitis pigmentosa

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ozone2.txt
Author E-mail Address: ozono@infomed.sld.cu
Journal: Ozone Science & Engineering 25 ( 3 ): p 223-232 June 2003 2003
Medium: print
ISSN: 0191-9512
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Abstract
Language: English
Ozone therapy in patients with retinitis pigmentosa
Abstract: The aim of this study is to determine the efficacy of ozone therapy in
Abstract: The aim of this Study is to determine the efficacy of ozone therapy in patients with Retinitis Pigmentosa (RP). A controlled, randomized, double blind clinical trial involving 68 patients was performed. Patients were divided into 2 groups: ozone, patients treated with ozone by rectal administration (dose=10 mg), during 15 sessions; control, as ozone group, but using oxygen. The main outcome variable was the visual field area (VFA). Results demonstrated a significant improvement (SI) in 88.2 % of patients treated with ozone in comparison with 23.5 %
achieved in the control group. In the ozone group, VFA tend to stabilize beyond a mean time of 6.83 months with a loose in SI afterward. A temporal positive effect of
ozone therapy, over the natural course of RP, was found.
Registry Numbers: ...ozone
Enzyme Commission Number:
DESCRIPTORS:
Diseases: ...congenital disease, eve disease, therapy
Mesh Terms:
 Chemicals & Biochemicals:
                                        ...ozone
Methods & Equipment: ozone therapy--... ....clinical techniques, therapeutic and
prophylactic techniques
Geographical Name:
 Miscellaneous Terms: Concept Codes: ...ozone therapy efficacy
 9/3,K/9 (Item 9 from file: 5) Links
    Fulltext available through:
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17854336
              Biosis No.: 200400224391
Effects of ozone oxidative preconditioning on nitric oxide generation and cellular
redox balance in a rat model of hepatic ischaemia-reperfusion.
Author: Ajamieh H H; Menendez S; Martinez-Sanchez G; Candelario-Jalil E; Re L;
Giuliani A; Fernandez Olga Sonia Leon (Reprint)
Author Address: Center of Studies for Research and Biological Evaluation
(CEIEB-IFAL), University of Havana, Havana City, 10400, Cuba**Cuba
Author E-mail Address: olga@infomed.sld.cu
Journal: Liver International
                                        24 ( 1 ); p 55-62 February 2004 2004
Medium: print
ISSN: 1478-3223 _(ISSN print)
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Abstract
```

Abstract: ...of liver may initiate the cascade of hepatocellular injury. It has been demonstrated that controlled ozone administration may promote an oxidative preconditioning or adaptation to oxidative stress, preventing the damage induced by reactive oxygen species and protecting against liver ischaemia-reperfusion (I/R) injury. Alms: In the present study, the effects of ozone oxidative preconditioning (OzoneOP) on nitric oxide (NO) generation and the cellular redox balance have been studied. Methods: Six.....nitro-L-arginine methyl ester); (3) I/R (ischaemia 90 min-reperfusion 90 min); (4) OzoneOP+I/R; (5) OzoneOP+I-NME+I/R; and (5)

Effects of ozone oxidative preconditioning on nitric oxide generation and cellular

Language: English

redox balance in a rat model of...

Page 8

L-NAME+I/R. The following parameters were measured.....glutathione and MDA+4-HDA concentrations were observed just as a decrease of SOD activity. Ozonoep prevented and attenuated hepatic damage in I/R and OzoneOP+L-NAME+I/R, respectively, in close relation with the above-mentioned parameters. Conclusions: These results show that OzoneOP protected against liver I/R injury through mechanisms that promote a regulation of endogenous NO concentrations and maintenance of cellular redox balance. Ozone treatment may have important clinical implications, particularly in view of the increasing hepatic transplantation programs.

Diseases: ...digestive system disease, vascular disease Mesh Terms:
Methods & Equipment: ozone oxidative preconditioning...
Geographical Name:

9/3, K/10 (Item 10 from file: 5) Links
Fulltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options
Biosis Previews(R)
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1683/2015 Biosis No.: 200/200425526
Similar protective effect of ischaemic and ozone oxidative preconditionings in liver ischaemia/reperfusion injury

Author: Ajamieh Hussam; Merino Nelson; Candelario-Jalil Eduardo; Menendez Silvia; Martinez-Sanchez Gregorio; Re Lamberto; Gfuliani Attilia; Leon Olga Sonia (Reprint) Author Address: Centre for Research and Biological Evaluation (CIEB-IFAL), University of Havana, Po Box 6079, Havana City, 10 600, Cuba**Cuba Journal: Pharmacological Research 45 (4): p 333-339 April, 2002 2002 Medium: print ISSN: 1043-6618
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Abstract

Language: English
Similar protective effect of ischaemic and ozone oxidative preconditionings in liver
ischaemia/reperfusion injury

```
DESCRIPTORS:
Diseases: ...digestive system disease, injury, vascular disease
Mesh Terms:
  Chemicals & Biochemicals:
                                          ..ozone--... ...reactive oxygen species
Methods & Equipment: ozone oxidative preconditioning...
 Geographical Name:
  9/3.K/11 (Item 11 from file: 5) Links
    Fulltext available through:
                                             STIC Full Text Retrieval Options
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16519458 Biosis No.: 200200112969
Ozone treatment reduces markers of oxidative and endothelial damage in an
experimental diabetes model in rats
Author: Al-Dalain Said Mohammed; Martinez Gregorio; Candelario-Jalil Eduardo;
Menendez Silvia; Re Lamberto; Giuliani Attilia; Leon Olga Sonia (Reprint)
Author Address: Center for Research and Biological Evaluation, CIEB-IFAL, University
of Havana, Havana, 10400, Cuba**Cuba

Journal: Pharmacological Research 44 ( 5 ): p 391-396 November, 2001 2001
Medium: print
ISSN: 1043-6618
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Abstract
Language: English
Ozone treatment reduces markers of oxidative and endothelial damage in an
experimental diabetes model in rats
Abstract: Ozone has been used as a therapeutical agent and beneficial effects have
been observed. However so far only a few biochemical and pharmacodynamic mechanisms
have been elucidated. We demonstrate that controlled ozone administration may
promote an oxidative preconditioning or adaptation to oxidative stress, preventing
 the damage induced by reactive oxygen species (ROS). Taking into account that
diabetes is a disorder associated with oxidative stress, we postulate that ozone
treatment in our experimental conditions might protect antioxidant systems and
treatment in our experimental conditions might protect anticividant systems and maintain, at a physiological level, other.....associated with diabetic complications. Five groups of rats were classified as follows: (1) control group treated only with physiological saline solution; (2) positive control group using streptozotocin (STZ) as a diabetes inductor; (3) ozone group, receiving 10 treatments (1.1 mg kg-1), one per day after STZ-induced diabetes; (4) oxygen group....kg-1), one per day, as in group 3 but using oxygen only; (5) control ozone group, as group 3, but without STZ. The ozone treatment improved glycemic control and prevented oxidative stress, the increase of aldose reductase. The first of the province of the stress of the content and prevented oxidative stress, the increase of aldose reductase.
 results of this study show that repeated administration of ozone in non-toxic doses
might play a role in the control of diabetes and its...
Registry Numbers: ...ozone;
Enzyme Commission Number:
DESCRIPTORS:
Diseases: ...endocrine disease/pancreas, metabolic disease
Mesh Terms:
 Chemicals & Biochemicals:
                                        ...ozone:
Methods & Equipment: ozone therapy--... ...therapeutic method
 Geographical Name:
 9/3,K/12 (Item 12 from file: 5) Links
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Page 10

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16279310 Biosis No.: 200100451149

Oxidative preconditioning affords protection against carbon tetrachloride-induced glycogen depletion and oxidative stress in rats

Author: Candelario-Jalil E (Reprint); Mohammed-Al-Dalain S; Leon Fernandez O S; Memendez S; Perez-Davison G; Merino N; Sam S; Ajamieh H H
Author Address: Center for Research and Biological Evaluation, Institute of Pharmacy and Food Sciences, University of Havana, Havana City, 10600, Cuba**Cuba
Journal: Journal of Applied Toxicology 21 (4): p 297-301 July-August, 2001 2001
Medium: print
ISSN: 0260-437X
Document Type: Article
Record Type: Atrict
Language: English

Abstract: The rectal insufflation of a judicious dose of ozone, selected from that used in clinical practice, is able to promote oxidative preconditioning or oxidative.....preventing the hepatocellular damage mediated by free radicals. In order to evaluate the effects of ozone oxidative preconditioning on carbon tetrachloride-mediated hepatotoxicity, the following experimental protocol was designed: group 1. ...group 2 (CC14 in sunflower oil, 1 ml kg-1 ip.); group 3 (15 ozone-oxygen pretreatments at a dose of 1 mg kg-1 via rectal insufflation + CC14 as in group 2); group 4 (ozone control group, 15 ozone-oxygen pretreatments + sunflower oil i.p.). Ozone pretreatment prevented glycogen depletion (as demonstrated by biochemical and histopathological findings) and avoided lactate overproduction associated with the hepatotoxic effects of CC14. The administration of CC14 increased lipid peroxidation (as measured by thiobarbituric acid-reactive substances) and uric acid levels and inhibited superoxide dismutase activity. All these deleterious effects induced by CC14 were prevented by ozone pretreatment. The administration of ozone without CC14 (ozone control group) did not produce any changes in the evaluated parameters. Our results showed that ozone treatment, in our experimental conditions, was able to prevent anaerobic glycolysis and oxidative stress induced by...
Registry Numbers: ...ozone;
Enzyme Commission Number:

Diseases: ...digestive system disease, toxicity Mesh Terms:

Chemicals & Biochemicals: ...ozone--

9/3,K/13 (Item 13 from file: 5) Links
Fulltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options
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15021412 Blosis No.: 199900281072

15021412 Biosis No.: 199900281072
Prevention of renal injury after induction of ozone tolerance in rats submitted to warm ischaemia

Author: Barber E; Menendez S; Leon O S; Barber M O; Merino N; Calunga J L; Cruz E; Bocci V (Reprint)
Author Address: Institute of General Physiology, University of Siena, Via Laterina 8, 53100, Siena, Italy**Italy
Journal: Mediators of Inflammation 8 (1): p 37-41 1999 1999

Medium: print ISSN: 0962-9351 Document Type: Article Record Type: Abstract

Language: English
Prevention of renal injury after induction of ozone tolerance in rats submitted to
warm ischaemia

Abstract: On the basis that ozone (O3) can upregulate cellular antioxidant enzymes, Page 11

a morphological, biochemical and functional renal study was performed in rats undergoing a prolonged treatment with O3 before renal ischaemia. Rats were divided into four groups: (1) control, a medialmin), with subsequent reperfusion (3 h); (3) O3 + ischaemia, as group 2, but with previous treatment with O3 (0.5 mg/kg per day given in 2.5 ml O2) via rectal administration for 15 treatments; (4) O2 + ischaemia, as group 3, but using oxygen (O2) alone. Biochemical parameters as fructosamine.....activity and fructosamine level in comparison with either the control (1) and the 03 (3) treated groups. Moreover renal SOD activity showed a significant increase in group 3 without significant differences....system capable of counteracting the damaging effect of ischaemia. These findings suggest that, whenever possible, ozone preconditioning may represent a prophylactic approach for minimizing renal damage before transplantation. Registry Numbers: ...ozone; Enzyme Commission Number:

DESCRIPTORS:

Diseases: ...urologic disease, vascular disease

Mesh Terms:

Chemicals & Biochemicals: ...ozone--... ...reactive oxygen species Methods & Equipment: ozone therapy--... prophylactic method, therapeutic method Geographical Name:

9/3.K/14 (Item 14 from file: 5) Links

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Biosis No.: 199699095693 Inhibition of ozone-induced nitric oxide synthase expression in the lung by endotoxin

Author: Pendino Kimberly J; Gardner Carol R; Shuler Randy L; Laskin Jeffrey D; Durham Stephen K; Barton Debra S; Ohnishi S Tsuvoshi; Ohnishi Tomoko; Laskin Debra L (Reprint)

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Inhibition of ozone-induced nitric oxide synthase expression in the lung by endotoxin

Abstract: Inhalation of the pulmonary irritant ozone is associated with an accumulation of macrophages in the lung. These cells, along with type...
..epithelial cells, are activated to release increased quantities of hydrogen peroxide and nitric oxide, two reactive mediators that have been implicated in tissue injury. In the present studies we determined whether pretreatment of rats with bacterially derived endotoxin, which modulates oxidant levels in tissues, could abrogate the effects of ozone on lung injury and nitric oxide production. Acute exposure of rats to ozone (2 parts per million, 3 h) resulted in nitric oxide production in the lung as....of NOS were evident in alveolar macrophages and type II cells. Alveolar macrophages isolated from ozone-treated rats also expressed increased iNOS mRNA and protein as measured by Northern and Western blotting, respectively, and produced more anitric oxide compared with cells from air-exposed animals. Treatment of rats with endotoxin (S mg/kg, intravenously), 30 min prior to ozone, was found to abrogate ozone-induced increases in iNOS mRNA and protein expression, as well as nitric oxide production by alveolar macrophages. This was associated with a reduction in ozone-induced tissue injury as determined by levels of lung lavage fluid protein. Ozone inhalation also resulted in a reduction in intracellular glutathione in alveolar macrophages, an effect that was blocked by

endotoxin administration. Taken together, these data provide evidence that the
protective effects of endotoxin against ozone-induced injury are mediated, at least
in part, by alterations in levels of lung oxidants...
Registry Numbers: ...OZONE;
Enzyme Commission Number:
DESCRIPTORS:
Chemicals & Biochemicals: OZONE;

Miscellaneous Terms: Concept Codes: ...BACTERIAL ENDOTOXIN. ...BACTERIAL TOXINS.....OZONE;RESPIRATORY SYSTEM DISEASE;

9/3, K/15 (Item 1 from file: 34) Links Fulltext available through: STIC Full Text Retrieval Options Scisearch(R) Cited Ref Sci (C) 2008 The Thomson Corp. All rights reserved. 16555402 Genuine Article#: 17110 No. References: 15 Inactivation of particle-associated microorganisms in wastewater disinfection: Modeling of ozone and chlorine reactive diffusive transport in polydispersed Suspensions

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Inactivation of particle—associated microorganisms in wastewater disinfection:
Modeling of ozone and chlorine reactive diffusive transport in polydispersed
suspensions

Abstract: ...little is currently known on the penetration of chemical oxidants into particles developed in wastewater treatment. In this work, a reactive transport model that incorporates intra- and extra-particle chemical decay, radial intra-particle diffision, mass transfer resistance at particle surfaces, and non-linear reaction kinetics within a competitive multi-particle size aqueous environment, was used to analyze the penetration of ozone and chlorine into wastewater particles. Individual characteristics from two secondary wastewater treatment facilities were used in model calibration. Simulations revealed that significant ozone transport within particles greater than 6 pm required large initial concentrations to exhaust the preferentialpenetration was less sensitive to variations in the extra-particle reaction and disinfectant concentration than ozone. Model simulations that considered elevated initial concentrations of chemical disinfectants revealed that complete inactivation ofpractices (e.g., contact times). Reduction in the health risks associated with wastewater particles requires treatment that efficiently balances particle removal (filtration) and particle inactivation (disinfection). (C) 2007 Elsevier Ltd. All...

Identifiers-- ... PENETRATION; BACTERIA; KINETICS